Securing Security - DNSSEC and DANE

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- The traditional Internet PKI with certification authorities (CA) has problems:
 - Users must have ultimate trust towards all CAs
 - There are too many CAs (2.000 +)
 - The security of the CA model is only as good as its weakest part
- Goal: Regain control over trust and policies

- DANE DNS(SEC) Authenticated Named Entities replaces the CA model with DNSSEC
 - The owner of a DNS domain has the authority to publish content in the name of this domain
 - DNSSEC authenticates the content
 - The security level of DNSSEC is comparable to domain-validated (DV) x509 certificates
 - There is only one trust chain (the Internet DNS delegation chain) that Internet users already trust today for their DNS name resolution
 - The DNS-Based Authentication of Named Entities (DANE)
 Transport Layer Security (TLS) Protocol: TLSA

- The owner of a DNSSEC signed domain creates or receives a x509 certificate
- The owner publishes the hash of the certificate (or of the public key embedded inside the certificate) using a TLSA-DNS-record and configures the certificate on the service (server)

 Example of a TLSA-record (this is for a mail server for the GMX.DE domain):

```
% dig 25. tcp.mx01.emig.gmx.net tlsa +multi
; <<>> DiG 9.10.4-P4-RedHat-9.10.4-2.P4.fc25 <<>> 25. tcp.mx01.emig.gmx.net tlsa +multi
;; global options: +cmd
;; Got answer:
;; ->>HEADER<<- opcode: QUERY, status: NOERROR, id: 29351
;; flags: gr rd ra ad; QUERY: 1, ANSWER: 1, AUTHORITY: 0, ADDITIONAL: 1
;; OPT PSEUDOSECTION:
; EDNS: version: 0, flags:; udp: 4096
;; QUESTION SECTION:
; 25. tcp.mx01.emig.gmx.net. IN TLSA
;; ANSWER SECTION:
25. tcp.mx01.emig.gmx.net. 293 IN TLSA 3 1 1 (
                                9BDE51EA74128A327A6A4F3A4F21CBA855475DCF88BC
                                1532A2B45B35E16E6D61 )
;; WHEN: Mon Dec 19 07:41:58 CET 2016
;; MSG SIZE rcvd: 102
```

- A DANE-enabled client program validates the x509 certificate received from the server with the information in the TLSA-record (hash)
- The domain name of the service will be matched with the domain name of the TLSA-record. The Common-Name (CN) or the domain names inside the certificate *does not* need to match with the server name of the service
- The certificate is seen as valid as long as a valid TLSA-record exist in DNS. The expire time inside the certificate will *not* be checked by DANE clients
- The certificate chain of the x509-certificate does *not* need to be validated by the client. The trust towards the certificate is established via DNSSEC and the TLSA-record.

DANE-TLSA

- DANE-TLSA is (currently) specified for
 - SMTP (E-Mail)
 - HTTPS (Web) (limited support for Client-Browser applications)
 - DNS-over-TLS / DNS-over-HTTPS (DNS encryption)
 - IRC
 - XMPP/Jabber
 - Generic services via SRV-Records (RFC 7673)

- In Germany, the "Technische Richtlinie BSI TR-03108" ("Sicherer E-Mail-Transport") defines:
 - Requirements for secure email transport for email service provider
 - DANE/DNSSEC use is mandated
 - posteo.de was the 1st email provider certified in December 2016
 - mail.de was the 1st email provider receiving the "IT-Sicherheitskennzeichen" ("IT security badge") in 2022

- Additional DANE-SMTP provider:
 - Mailbox.org
 - Web.de/Gmx.de
 - mail.de
 - bund.de
 - Microsoft
 - GMail (Inbound for selected customers)
 - many universities

DANE @ Microsoft

27th September 2023: Breaking news, Microsoft is pulling the trigger on DANE next year: Implementing Inbound SMTP DANE with DNSSEC for Exchange Online Mail Flow - Microsoft Community Hub

https://techcommunity.microsoft.com/t5/exchange-team-blog/implementing-inbound-smtp-dane-with-dnssec-for-exchange-online/ba-p/3939694

DANE-SMTP users

gmx.at travelbirdbelgie.be travelbirdbelgique.be nic.br registro.br gmx.ch open.ch switch.ch anubisnetworks.com gmx.com isavedialogue.com mail.com solvinity.com t-2.comtrashmail.com xfinity.com xfinityhomesecurity.com xfinitymobile.com nic.cz bayern.de bund.de fau.de freenet.de

qmx.de

lrz.de mail.de posteo.de ruhr-uni-bochum.de tum.de uni-erlangen.de one.com sys4.de web.de egmontpublishing.dk netic.dk tilburguniversity.edu octopuce.fr comcast.net dd24.net dns-oarc.net gmx.net hr-manager.net mpssec.net t-2.net xs4all.net bhosted.nl boozyshop.nl hierinloggen.nl

ouderportaal.nl overheid.nl pathe.nl uvt.nl xs4all.nl domeneshop.no handelsbanken.no webcruitermail.no aegee.org debian.org freebsd.org gentoo.org ietf.org isc.org netbsd.org openssl.org samba.org torproject.org asf.com.pt handelsbanken.se t-2.si mail.co.uk govtrack.us

DANE-SMTP Domain Count

• DANE-SMTP domains by countries (09/2023)

COUNTRY	DANE DOMAINS (TSND)
Germany	3553
USA	1894
Netherlands	1886
France	822
Swiss	556

DANE-SMTP Domain Count

- DANE secures user communication. The domain count is not relevant, the number of users behind the services on these domains are important
 - Some DANE secured domains are being used by millions of users

- DANE-SMTP Implementations:
 - postfix (https://postfix.org)
 - exim (Exim DANE Wiki)
 - opensmtpd (https://www.opensmtpd.org/)
 - Port25
 - Halon (https://halon.io/)
 - MS Exchange via Add-On Filter (CryptoFilter)
 - MS Office 365 uses DANE outbound since 2022 and will enable inbound DANE in 2024. See outbound DANE.

End

Questions? Answers!